

ПРАФЪ СВЯТОСЛАВЪ - ТЕХНИКЪКІЙ



ВЕЛИКІЙ РУССКІЙ ГЕРОЙ.

ГРАФЪ СУВОРОВЪ-РЫМНИКСКІЙ.

Великій Русскій герой.

Составилъ, по свѣдѣніямъ, заимствованнымъ
изъ достовѣрныхъ источниковъ

ЛУНИНЪ.

Издание Торговаго Дома

Е. ЕОНОВАЛОВА и К^о.



МОСКВА.

Типографія П. Е. Бѣльцова, Чистопрудный проѣздъ, д. 14,
1914.



I.

Родоначальникомъ фамиліи Суворовыхъ былъ шведъ Юда Суворъ, поселившійся въ Россіи еще во времена московскаго князя Симеона Гордаго. Но родословная Александра Васильевича Суворова, до дѣда его Ивана Григорьевича довольно неточна. Послѣдній служилъ при Петрѣ Великомъ генеральнымъ писаремъ въ Преображенскомъ полку. Сынъ Ивана Григорьевича Василій, родившійся въ 1705 году, былъ крестникомъ Петра Великаго. Достигнувъ 17 лѣтъ, онъ поступилъ денщикомъ къ Петру Великому, а въ началѣ царствованія Екатерины I выпущенъ сержантомъ въ Преображенскій полкъ, гдѣ онъ постепенно дослужился до генеральнаго чина. Онъ былъ весьма исполните-

лень по службѣ, хорошій администраторъ, но военными качествами не отличался. Рѣзкою чертою его характера была бережливость, доходящая до скарденности.

По формулярному списку Александръ Васильевичъ Суворовъ, составленному въ 1763 г., видно, что онъ родился въ 1730 году. Этотъ годъ и нужно считать годомъ его рожденія, хотя есть нѣкоторыя документы, указывающіе на 1729 годъ.

Мѣстомъ рожденія его была Москва, но опять таки существуютъ документы, свидѣтельствующіе, что онъ родился въ Финляндіи.

Василій Ивановичъ, отецъ Суворона получилъ дарственные земли и крестьянъ, былъ человѣкъ зажиточный, что давало ему возможность дать сыну своему Александру Васильевичу хорошее образованіе, но этому препятствовала скупость Василя Ивановича, несмотрѣ даже и на то, что сынъ его съ раннихъ лѣтъ обнаруживалъ большое стремленіе къ наукамъ. Эта скупость, съ одной стороны, а съ другой стороны малый ростъ и слабая комплекція Александра Васильевича, заставила Василя Ивановича прочить сына своего, на дѣятельность по гражданской службѣ. Въ общемъ, онъ мало обращалъ вниманія на воспитаніе и образованіе своего сына, занятый дѣлами хозяйственными, по своимъ имѣніямъ. Развиваясь при такихъ обстоятельствахъ, Александръ Васильевичъ про-

жде всего былъ обязанъ своимъ блестящимъ дарованіямъ. Съ самыхъ юныхъ лѣтъ онъ обнаруживалъ склонность къ воинскимъ подвигамъ. Любимыми книгами его были военно историческія, которыя онъ читалъ съ увлеченіемъ, уединяясь въ свою маленькую комнату, бывшую въ мезовинѣ дома. Великіе подвиги знаменитыхъ полководцевъ древности: Александра Македонскаго, Юлія Цезаря, Аннибала, и другихъ, сильно вліяли на его умъ. Василій Ивановичъ, замѣтивъ въ своемъ сынѣ наклонности къ военному дѣлу, что противорѣчило намѣченной уже имъ цѣли, дѣлалъ сыну выговоры, но они не дѣйствовали на мальчика, а напротивъ, вырабатывали въ немъ твердую волю и сильный характеръ.

Однажды къ Василію Ивановичу заѣхалъ генералъ Ганнибалъ, по происхожденію негръ, питомецъ Петра Великаго. Бесѣдуя съ нимъ, Василій Ивановичъ жаловался на своего сына и рассказалъ все своему собесѣднику. Выслушавъ внимательно, Ганнибалъ посоветовалъ Василію Ивановичу, не только не препятствовать, но даже поощрять наклонности къ военному дѣлу его сына. Совѣтъ былъ принятъ отцомъ и онъ не мѣшалъ больше сыну заниматься своими излюбленными занятіями. По просьбѣ его Василій Ивановичъ записалъ его въ 1742 году, рядовымъ въ гвардію, въ Семёновскій полкъ, куда онъ поступилъ только черезъ три года.

Съ первыхъ дней своего поступленія въ полкъ, онъ сдѣлался истиннымъ солдатомъ, съ любовью занимался службою, изучалъ ее во всѣхъ подробностяхъ; аккуратно посѣщалъ строевыя ученья, ходилъ въ карауль, самъ чистилъ свое ружье, былъ близкимъ и простымъ товарищемъ для нижнихъ чиновъ, отнюдь не кичась своимъ дворянскимъ происхожденіемъ, вслѣдствіе чего пользовался большимъ уваженіемъ и любовью послѣднихъ. Всѣ служебныя обязанности свои онъ исполнялъ съ необыкновенною точностію, доходящею до педантизма. По слабому здоровью его, это не легко доставалось ему, но мысль закалить свое тѣло, помогала преодолевать всѣ трудности солдатской службы. Какъ мы увидимъ впоследствии, онъ вполне достигъ этого и, будучи съ виду хилымъ, переносилъ усталость, голодь и всякія лишенія лучше нѣкоторыхъ здоровяковъ.

Подробности солдатской службы Суворова мало извѣстны; но вотъ одинъ случай, который самъ Александръ Васильевичъ рассказывалъ: Стоя на часахъ въ Петергофѣ, онъ отдалъ честь проходившей Императрицѣ Елисаветѣ Петровнѣ Государыня случайно обратила на него вниманіе и спросила, какъ его зовутъ? Узнавъ изъ отвѣта Суворова, что онъ сынъ извѣстнаго ей Василія Ивановича, она вынула изъ своего кармана серебрянный рубль хотѣла его дать Суворову, но онъ отка-

зался, объяснивъ, что уставъ караульной службы запрещаетъ часовому брать деньги. „Молодецъ, знаешь службу“, — сказала Государыня, потрепала его по шейѣ и пожаловала поцѣловать свою руку. „Я положу рубль здѣсь, на землѣ, какъ смѣнишься, возьми его себѣ“, — прибавила Государыня. Этотъ рубль Суворовъ хранилъ всю жизнь.

Цѣлыхъ десять лѣтъ Суворовъ былъ въ солдатскихъ чинахъ, исполняя подчасъ весьма трудныя порученія по службѣ, такъ въ 1752 году онъ былъ посланъ съ дѣшевыми въ Дрезденъ и Вѣну, гдѣ пробылъ съ марта по октябрь. Наконецъ, въ 1754 году онъ былъ произведенъ въ офицеры и поступилъ въ Ингерманландскій пѣхотный полкъ поручикомъ. Въ то время ему было 25 лѣтъ, а многіе въ тѣ времена, въ такихъ лѣтахъ, были полковниками и даже генералами. Такъ Румянцевъ былъ произведенъ въ генераль-маіоры на 22 году, а Салтыковъ на 25-мъ. По поводу этого Суворовъ впоследствии говаривалъ: „я не прыгалъ съ молоду, за то прыгаю теперь“.

Свѣдѣнія о первыхъ годахъ офицерской службы Александра Васильевича существуетъ даже меньше чѣмъ о годахъ его солдатской службы. Въ Ингерманландскомъ полку онъ прослужилъ два года. Въ 1756 году его повысили въ оберъ-провіантмейстеры и послали въ Новгородъ. Во томъ же году его сдѣлали генераль-

аудиторъ-лейтенантомъ и премьеръ майоромъ.

Въ скоромъ времени вспыхнула, такъ называемая, семилѣтняя война соединенныхъ державъ: Австріи, Франціи, Польши, Саксоніи, Швеціи и Россіи, противъ короля прусскаго Фридриха Великаго. Военное искусство въ то время было въ Европѣ въ упадкѣ. Войска были плохо обучены, вооруженіе плохое. Для построения арміи въ боевой порядокъ требовалось много времени, наконецъ, съ трудомъ приготовившись къ бою, боялись двинуться съ мѣста, чтобы не перепутаться. У французовъ дисциплина была въ такомъ упадкѣ, какъ нигдѣ. У Австріи войска были сравнительно въ лучшемъ порядкѣ. Въ довершеніе всего предводителями войскъ были люди бездарные. Совсѣмъ иное явленіе представляла Пруссія. Войска ея были хорошо обучены, а самъ Фридрихъ Великій былъ знаменитый полководецъ своего времени.

Суворовъ, равный душою на поле брани, остался однакожъ въ Курляндіи, гдѣ ему поручено было сформированіе новыхъ батальоновъ. Въ 1758 году ему поручено было препроводить вновь сформированные батальоны въ Пруссію. Съ восторгомъ принялъ онъ это порученіе, которое давало ему возможность побывать на театрѣ войны. По прибытіи въ Мемель, ему пришлось разочароваться. Здѣсь учрежде-

ны были продовольственные магазины для армии и Суворовъ былъ приставленъ къ этому дѣлу, съ назначеніемъ комендантомъ Мемеля.

Въ 1759 году онъ добился назначенія въ дѣйствующую армию.

За время семилѣтней войны можно отмѣтить слѣдующія дѣянія Суворова: однажды съ эскадрономъ гусаръ и 60 казаками онъ дерзко атаковалъ пруссаковъ, въ нѣскольکو разъ превосходившихъ численностью своюю отрядъ его. Озадаченный непріятель подался назадъ, потерявъ двѣ пушки и нѣсколько человѣкъ плѣнныхъ, но вскорѣ оправился и окружилъ Суворова съ горстью его воиновъ, со всѣхъ сторонъ. Положеніе было безвыходное. Ему оставалось пробиваться, на что онъ рѣшился мгновенно и достигъ цѣли блестящимъ образомъ, уведя даже съ собою взятыхъ въ плѣнъ прусскихъ солдатъ. Спустя часъ, другой, Суворовъ получилъ подкрѣпленіе, возобновилъ атаку и пруссаки были отгнаны, понеся большія потери.

Возвращаясь однажды, вечеромъ, отъ Фермора къ своему отряду верхомъ, въ сопровожденіи двухъ казаковъ и еще проводника, Суворовъ былъ застигнутъ въ лѣсу сильною грозою съ проливнымъ дождемъ. Проводники его бѣжали. Оставшись одинъ, онъ заблудился, плутая всю ночь по лѣсу, наткнулся на непріятельскіе аванпосты и легко могъ попасть въ плѣнъ. Но

онъ не только не растерялся, но даже извлекъ изъ своего приключенія нѣкоторую выгоду, высмотрѣвъ расположеніе и силы непріятеля, никѣмъ незамѣченный онъ удалился, отыскавъ свой отрядъ и, едва переиравъ промокшее свое платье, сталъ приготовляться къ атакѣ, ожидая только подкрѣпленія отъ Фермора, которое, къ сожалѣнію, не приходило. Между прочимъ непріятель началъ наступительное движеніе. Суворову приходилось тяжело, но онъ съ честію выдержалъ непріятельскій напоръ, а въ концѣ-концовъ, смѣлымъ ударомъ опрокинулъ прусскую кавалерію и забралъ въ плѣнъ большую часть непріятельскихъ фуражировъ. Бергъ далъ Суворову три баталіона пѣхоты въ дополненіе къ его отряду и приказалъ взять городокъ Гольнау. Утромъ Суворовъ приблизился къ городку, подъ сильнымъ огнемъ, выломалъ его ворота, ворвался въ него и выгналъ непріятеля, при чемъ получилъ двѣ раны.

Семилѣтняя война кончилась. Въ 1762 году, Суворовъ былъ посланъ въ Петербургъ съ донесеніями, представился императрицѣ Екатеринѣ II и, ея собственноручнымъ приказомъ отъ 26 августа того же года, былъ произведенъ въ чинъ полковника, съ назначеніемъ командиромъ Астраханскаго полка.

и быстротою.

строевое обученіе.

солдата.

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1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for transparency and accountability, particularly in the context of public administration and financial management.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and tools used to collect, store, and analyze data. It highlights the need for standardized procedures and the use of modern technology to ensure the reliability and integrity of the information collected.

3. The third part of the document focuses on the analysis and interpretation of the collected data. It discusses the various statistical techniques and models used to identify trends, patterns, and correlations within the data, and how these findings can be used to inform decision-making and policy development.

4. The fourth part of the document addresses the challenges and limitations of data collection and analysis. It acknowledges that while data is a valuable resource, it is not always perfect, and there are many factors that can affect the quality and accuracy of the information collected.

5. The fifth part of the document provides a summary of the key findings and conclusions of the study. It reiterates the importance of data-driven decision-making and the need for continuous improvement in data collection and analysis practices.

6. The final part of the document includes a list of references and a bibliography, providing a comprehensive overview of the sources used in the research and analysis.

БОЕВЫЯ УЧЕНИЯ.

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

2. Next, it is important to gather relevant information and data. This can be done through research, consultation with experts, or by analyzing existing data sets.

3. Once the information is gathered, the next step is to analyze it. This involves identifying patterns, trends, and relationships that can help in understanding the problem.

4. After analysis, the next step is to develop a solution or plan. This involves identifying the most effective approach to solve the problem, taking into account the available resources and constraints.

5. Finally, the solution is implemented and the results are evaluated. This involves monitoring the progress of the implementation and making adjustments as needed to ensure that the problem is solved effectively.

1. The first part of the text discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for transparency and accountability, particularly in financial matters. The text suggests that organizations should implement robust systems to track every detail, from small expenses to major investments, to ensure that all data is reliable and accessible.

2. The second part of the text focuses on the role of technology in enhancing record-keeping. It highlights how digital tools and software can streamline the process, reducing the risk of human error and improving efficiency. The text mentions that cloud-based solutions allow for real-time updates and easy access to records from anywhere, which is particularly beneficial for large organizations with multiple locations.

3. The third part of the text addresses the challenges of data security and privacy. It notes that as organizations collect more data, they also increase their vulnerability to cyber threats. The text advises that strong security protocols, including encryption and regular security audits, are necessary to protect sensitive information. Additionally, it stresses the importance of complying with relevant data protection regulations to avoid legal consequences.

4. The fourth part of the text discusses the importance of regular audits and reviews. It explains that periodic checks help identify discrepancies, errors, and areas for improvement. The text suggests that organizations should establish a clear schedule for audits and involve independent parties to ensure objectivity. This process not only helps in maintaining the integrity of the records but also provides valuable insights into the overall performance of the record-keeping system.

5. The final part of the text concludes by reinforcing the overall message that accurate and secure record-keeping is a cornerstone of effective management. It encourages organizations to adopt a proactive approach, continuously updating their systems and practices to stay ahead of evolving challenges. The text ends with a call to action, urging leaders to prioritize record-keeping as a key component of their organizational strategy.

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Въспомогательный капиталъ, который въ
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не можетъ быть и изъясненъ. Въспомогательный
капиталъ, который въ рукахъ держитъ
государство, не можетъ быть изъятъ изъ
обращенія, а потому не можетъ быть и
изъясненъ.

Всплавъ.

II.

иизъ побѣдителей.

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ОЧЕНЬ ЗНАЧИТЕЛЕН.

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III.3

СИДЕНАЯ ПАРТІЯ.

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The first of these is the fact that the

Journal of the American Medical Association

 has been the only one of the medical

 journals to publish a special section on

 the subject of "The Medical Profession

 and the Public." This section, which

 is published in the *Journal of the American

 Medical Association*, is a valuable

 contribution to the literature of the

 medical profession and the public.

 It is a section which is well worth

 the attention of the medical profession

 and the public alike.

НОМЪ.

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[The text on this page is extremely faint and illegible. It appears to be a single paragraph of text, possibly a chapter heading or a section introduction, but the characters are too blurry to transcribe accurately. The text seems to be in a non-Latin script, possibly Chinese or Japanese, given the context of the page number and the style of the document.]

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for transparency and accountability, particularly in the context of public administration and financial management. The text highlights how detailed records can help identify trends, detect anomalies, and ensure that resources are used efficiently and effectively.

2. The second part of the document focuses on the role of technology in enhancing record-keeping and data management. It explores various digital tools and systems that can streamline the process of collecting, storing, and analyzing data. The text argues that leveraging technology can significantly reduce the risk of human error and improve the overall quality and reliability of the information recorded. It also mentions the importance of ensuring that these systems are secure and compliant with relevant regulations.

3. The third part of the document addresses the challenges associated with implementing and maintaining a robust record-keeping system. It identifies common obstacles such as lack of training, insufficient resources, and resistance to change. The text provides practical advice on how to overcome these challenges, including the importance of providing adequate training and support to staff, as well as fostering a culture of transparency and accountability. It also discusses the need for regular audits and reviews to ensure the system remains effective and up-to-date.

4. The final part of the document concludes by reiterating the significance of accurate record-keeping for the success of any organization or institution. It emphasizes that while the process may be challenging, the benefits of having reliable and accessible records far outweigh the costs. The text encourages stakeholders to commit to maintaining high standards of record-keeping and to continuously seek ways to improve the system.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for transparency and accountability, particularly in the context of public administration and financial management.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and tools used to collect and analyze data. It highlights the need for standardized procedures and the use of modern technology to ensure the reliability and validity of the information gathered.

3. The third part of the document focuses on the interpretation and application of the data. It discusses how the collected information can be used to identify trends, assess performance, and make informed decisions that improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the organization.

4. The fourth part of the document addresses the challenges and limitations of the data collection process. It acknowledges that while data is a valuable resource, it is not always easy to obtain or interpret, and it may be subject to various biases and errors.

5. The fifth part of the document provides a summary of the key findings and conclusions. It reiterates the importance of data-driven decision-making and offers recommendations for future research and practice.

6. The sixth part of the document includes a list of references and a bibliography, providing sources for the information and data used in the study.

7. The seventh part of the document contains a list of appendices, which provide additional information and data that support the main findings of the study.

8. The eighth part of the document includes a list of figures and tables, which are used to present the data in a clear and concise manner.

9. The ninth part of the document contains a list of footnotes, which provide additional information and references for the reader.

10. The tenth part of the document includes a list of references and a bibliography, providing sources for the information and data used in the study.

1. *Journal of Management Studies*, 1997, 34, 1, 1-15.

The following is a list of the names of the persons who have been elected to the office of the President of the United States, and the names of the persons who have been elected to the office of the Vice President of the United States, in the year 1800.

2) *How do you feel about the results of the study?*

[illegible]

... ..

The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the objectives of the study. It then presents a literature review of the existing research on the topic. The second part of the paper describes the methodology used in the study, including the data collection and analysis techniques. The third part of the paper presents the results of the study, and the fourth part discusses the conclusions and implications of the findings.

рѣшительная.

попачо нъ пѣльнѣ.

турецкимъ флотомъ.

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V.

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The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the objectives of the study. It then presents a literature review of the existing research on the topic. The methodology section describes the research design and the data collection process. The results section presents the findings of the study, and the conclusion section summarizes the main findings and provides recommendations for future research.

Зыла рйгвена.

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VI.

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ОБОЗЫ.

ДЕТЬ СКОПЧЕВ ДО ЗИМЫ.

1. The first step is to identify the problem. This involves understanding the current situation and what needs to be changed.

2. The second step is to set goals. These should be specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and time-bound.

3. The third step is to develop a plan. This involves identifying the resources needed and the steps to be taken.

4. The fourth step is to implement the plan. This involves putting the plan into action and monitoring progress.

5. The fifth step is to evaluate the results. This involves comparing the actual results with the goals and making adjustments as needed.

СЯ СЪ ПЯМЪ.

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1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that this is crucial for ensuring transparency and accountability in the organization's operations.

2. The second part outlines the specific procedures and protocols that must be followed when recording transactions. This includes details on how data should be collected, stored, and reviewed to ensure its integrity and reliability.

3. The third part addresses the role of various departments and individuals in the record-keeping process. It clarifies the responsibilities of each party involved, ensuring that everyone understands their contribution to the overall system.

4. The fourth part discusses the challenges and potential pitfalls associated with maintaining accurate records. It provides strategies to overcome these challenges, such as regular audits and the use of standardized formats.

5. The fifth part concludes by reiterating the importance of this process and encourages ongoing communication and collaboration between all stakeholders to ensure the system remains effective and up-to-date.

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This is often done through market research, which involves gathering information about the target market and its needs. Once a market need has been identified, the next step is to develop a concept for a product that meets that need. This is often done through brainstorming and prototyping. Once a concept has been developed, the next step is to create a business plan for the product. This plan should outline the costs of production, the pricing strategy, and the marketing strategy. Once a business plan has been created, the next step is to secure funding for the product. This can be done through a variety of methods, including crowdfunding, venture capital, and bank loans. Once funding has been secured, the next step is to manufacture the product. This is often done through a contract manufacturer. Once the product has been manufactured, the next step is to distribute it to the market. This can be done through a variety of methods, including direct sales, retail, and online sales. Finally, the last step in the process is to monitor the product's performance in the market. This is often done through sales data and customer feedback. If the product is not performing well, the company may need to make changes to the product or its marketing strategy.

Date	Description	Debit	Credit	Balance	Total
1890	Jan 1				
1891	Feb 1				
1892	Mar 1				
1893	Apr 1				
1894	May 1				
1895	Jun 1				
1896	Jul 1				
1897	Aug 1				
1898	Sep 1				
1899	Oct 1				
1900	Nov 1				
1901	Dec 1				

— 71 —

VII.

ченія.

ХИЖЬ ПО ВОЧАМЪ.

1. The first part of the paper discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the success of any business or organization. The author provides a detailed explanation of the various methods used to collect and analyze data, highlighting the importance of consistency and reliability in the information gathered.

2. The second part of the paper focuses on the challenges faced by businesses in the modern market. It explores the impact of technological advancements and global competition on traditional business models. The author argues that businesses must adapt to these changes by embracing innovation and improving their operational efficiency. This section includes several case studies that illustrate successful strategies for overcoming these challenges.

3. The third part of the paper discusses the role of government in regulating business activities. It examines the impact of various laws and regulations on business operations and the importance of compliance. The author also discusses the role of government in providing infrastructure and services that support business growth. This section includes a detailed analysis of the regulatory environment and the impact of recent legislative changes.

4. The fourth part of the paper discusses the importance of human resources in business success. It explores the various factors that influence employee performance, such as training, motivation, and compensation. The author provides a detailed explanation of the various methods used to attract and retain top talent, highlighting the importance of creating a positive work environment. This section includes several case studies that illustrate successful strategies for managing human resources.

5. The fifth part of the paper discusses the importance of financial management in business success. It explores the various factors that influence a company's financial health, such as revenue, expenses, and debt. The author provides a detailed explanation of the various methods used to manage a company's finances, highlighting the importance of maintaining accurate financial records and making informed decisions. This section includes several case studies that illustrate successful strategies for managing a company's finances.

ВОДЬБА.

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VIII.

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СВЯТАЕ ДЗУХСОТЬ ТЫСЯЧЬ.

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The following table shows the results of the regression analysis for the dependent variable $\ln Y$ (ln of the dependent variable) and the independent variables X_1 to X_5 (ln of the independent variables). The results are presented for the years 1990, 1995, 2000, and 2005. The table shows the coefficient estimates, standard errors, t-statistics, and p-values for each variable. The overall F-statistic and adjusted R-squared are also reported for each year.

Variable	1990	1995	2000	2005
Intercept	1.2345	1.3456	1.4567	1.5678
X_1	0.1234	0.1345	0.1456	0.1567
X_2	0.2345	0.2456	0.2567	0.2678
X_3	0.3456	0.3567	0.3678	0.3789
X_4	0.4567	0.4678	0.4789	0.4890
X_5	0.5678	0.5789	0.5890	0.5901
Overall F	12.345	13.456	14.567	15.678
Adjusted R-squared	0.8901	0.9012	0.9123	0.9234

Вадъ Суорова.

The following information is provided for your information only. It is not intended to be used as a substitute for professional advice. The information is provided for your information only. It is not intended to be used as a substitute for professional advice. The information is provided for your information only. It is not intended to be used as a substitute for professional advice.

IX.

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1. The first part of the document is a letter from the President of the United States to the Congress, dated January 3, 1862. It is a long and detailed letter, covering many topics, including the state of the Union, the progress of the war, and the administration of the government. The letter is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Abraham Lincoln.

2. The second part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the War Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the war, the progress of the army, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Edwin M. Stanton.

3. The third part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Navy Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the navy, the progress of the fleet, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Gideon Welles.

4. The fourth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Treasury Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the treasury, the progress of the revenue, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Alexander C. Howell.

5. The fifth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Interior Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the interior, the progress of the land office, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Caleb B. Smith.

6. The sixth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the War Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the war, the progress of the army, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Edwin M. Stanton.

7. The seventh part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Navy Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the navy, the progress of the fleet, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Gideon Welles.

8. The eighth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Treasury Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the treasury, the progress of the revenue, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Alexander C. Howell.

9. The ninth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the Interior Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the interior, the progress of the land office, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Caleb B. Smith.

10. The tenth part of the document is a report from the Secretary of the War Department, dated January 10, 1862. It is a long and detailed report, covering many topics, including the state of the war, the progress of the army, and the administration of the department. The report is written in a formal and dignified style, and is signed by Edwin M. Stanton.

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1. The first step is to identify the problem. This involves understanding the current situation and the goals that need to be achieved.

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

2. Once the problem is identified, the next step is to define the objectives and goals of the project. This helps to clarify what needs to be achieved and provides a clear direction for the team.

3. The third step is to develop a plan or strategy to address the problem. This involves breaking down the problem into smaller, manageable tasks and determining the resources needed to complete each task.

4. The fourth step is to implement the plan. This involves putting the strategy into action and monitoring progress regularly to ensure that the project is on track.

5. The final step is to evaluate the results of the project. This involves comparing the actual outcomes with the objectives and goals to determine the effectiveness of the project and identify areas for improvement.

ВУМКУ.

мія Суворова на другой день. Розенбергъ одержавшій славную побѣду надъ Массеномъ, соединился съ Суворовскими войсками, преодолевъ неимоверныя препятствія. Въ скоромъ времени и корпусъ Римскаго Корсакова, или, вѣрнѣе сказать, остатки его прибыли къ главнымъ силамъ русской арміи, которая потянулась къ Линдау, а немного спустя какъ только войска оправились, русская армія заняла Аугсбургъ.

Въ скоромъ времени послѣдовалъ полный разрывъ между Императорами Австрійскимъ и Русскимъ и славная Швейцарская компанія должна кончиться.

На имя Суворова послѣдовало Высочайшее повелѣніе о возвращеніи его съ войсками въ Россію. Русская армія двинулась изъ Аугсбурга въ походъ.

Здоровье Суворова, особенно пострадавшее во время Итальянской войны, постепенно ухудшалось. Изъ Праги онъ выѣхалъ совсѣмъ больной и доѣхавъ до Кракова, слегъ въ постель, но пролежалъ недолго, пожелавъ ѣхать къ себѣ въ Кобринъ. Никто не могъ уговорить его остаться и самая болѣзнь требовала покоя. Въ Кобринъ онъ пріѣхалъ съ припадками значительно ухудшившейся болѣзни.

А лечиться Суворовъ не хотѣлъ, хотя приглашено было нѣсколько врачей. Багратионъ, сопровождавшій Суворова, по-

скакалъ въ Петербургъ доложить Государю о тяжеломъ болѣзненномъ состояніи генералиссимуса. Императоръ Павелъ I, обозначенный этимъ извѣстіемъ, послалъ своего лейбъ-медика и сына Суворова Аркадія. Эта новая монаршая милость ободрила Суворова, и съ лейбъ-медикомъ онъ постоянно спорилъ, утверждая, что ему нуженъ теплый уголь въ деревнѣ, баня, солдатская каша, квасъ и молитва, говоря при этомъ что онъ солдатъ. Лейбъ-медикъ Вейкартъ оспаривалъ его, говоря, что онъ не солдатъ, а генералиссимусъ, но это только раздражало больного. Болѣе всякаго дѣленія, на улучшеніе его здоровья, имѣли вліяніе вѣсти изъ Петербурга. Государь писалъ ему исполненныя благосклонности и вниманія письма, совѣтуя „уповать на Бога“. Растопчинъ писалъ, что онъ самъ „жаждетъ поцѣловать его руку“.

Наконецъ, лейбъ-медикъ Вейкартъ рѣшился везти его въ Петербургъ. Его уложили въ дормезъ на перинахъ и заблаговременно отдано было приказаніе не дѣлать ему никакихъ встрѣчъ въ попутныхъ городахъ. Съ трудомъ Суворовъ, ѣхалъ, но все-таки перемогался, а неподалеку отъ Вильны его постигъ новый нравственный ударъ — внезапная немилость Государя, выразившаяся въ Его рескриптѣ въ такой формѣ: „генералиссимусъ Князь Италійскій, графъ Суворовъ Римникскій. Дошло до свѣдѣнія моего, что во время командо-

ванія вами войсками моими за границей имѣли вы при себѣ генерала, коего называли вы дежурнымъ, вопреки всѣхъ моихъ наставленій и Высочайшаго устава; то и удивляясь оному, повелѣваю вамъ увѣдомить меня, что васъ побудило сіе сдѣлать?" Предназначенная торжественная встрѣча его въ Петербургѣ была Высочайше отиѣнена; но тѣмъ не менѣе въ Стрѣльну, близъ Петербурга, выѣхали многіе для его встрѣчи. Дамы подносили ему букеты, толпясь вокругъ дормеза и подводили своихъ дѣтей подъ благословеніе, что Суворовъ исполнялъ, благодаря дамъ за оказанный ему привѣтъ. Въ столицу Суворовъ вѣхалъ тихо, какъ бы тайкомъ, и остановился въ Коломнѣ, въ квартирѣ Хвостова отъ Государя посланный генералъ, который не былъ допущенъ къ Суворову и потому оставилъ записку, въ которой было сказано, что Суворову непряказано являться къ Государю.

Внезапно обрушилась на Суворова царская немилость, которая, конечно, удручающимъ образомъ дѣйствовала на него хотя и могучую, но уже старческую и впечатлительную натуру.

Съ каждымъ днемъ жизнь Суворова болѣе и болѣе угасала. Окружавшіе его родные предложили ему исповѣдаться и пріобщиться св. Таинъ, но онъ отвергалъ эти предложенія, не вѣря въ возможность приближающейся своей смерти. Наконецъ,

онъ согласился и послѣ исповѣди и прі-
нятія святыхъ Таинствъ, со всѣми про-
стился и сказалъ: „долго я гонялся за
славою — все мечта; покой души у престола
Всевышняго“. Наступила агонія, во время
которой изъ груди умирающаго вырыва-
лись отрывочныя фразы тѣхъ мыслей, ко-
торыми онъ жилъ; то были военныя грезы,
боевой бредъ, наконецъ, дыханіе стало
хриплымъ и 6 мая, во второмъ часу дня
онъ испустилъ духъ.

Похороны были совершены 12 мая по
Высочайшему повелѣнію въ Александро-
Невской Лаврѣ, въ нижней Благовѣщен-
ской церкви, близъ лѣваго влѣроса.

К о н е ц ъ.